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May 15, 2023

Submitted via www.regulations.gov

Alejandro Reyes U.S. Department of Education 400 Maryland Ave. SW PCP–6125 Washington, DC 20202

Nondiscrimination on the Basis of Sex in Education Programs or Activities Receiving Federal Financial Assistance: Sex-Related Eligibility Criteria for Male and Female Athletic Teams

Dear Mr. Reyes,

On behalf of The Leadership Conference on Civil and Human Rights, a coalition charged by its diverse membership of more than 230 national organizations to promote and protect the civil and human rights of all persons in the United States, and the 51 undersigned organizations, we write in response to the Department of Education's notice of proposed rulemaking published in the Federal Register on April 13, 2023 to amend the regulations implementing Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972 (Title IX) clarifying students' rights to participate in athletics consistent with their gender identity.

We, the civil and human rights community, support the full inclusion and protection of all youth. We are fortunate that transgender, nonbinary, and intersex¹ people are present in our community, and we fully embrace them as members of our community.² We reject the bigoted, ignorant, mean-spirited, and discriminatory policies currently being considered by far too many legislators that seek to exclude transgender people and make these members of our communities invisible. Targeting and excluding transgender students from participation in school programming, including athletics programs, alongside their cisgender³ peers is

Officers Chair Judith L. Lichtman National Partnership for Women & Families Vice Chairs Margaret Huang Southern Poverty Law Center Derrick Johnson NAACP Thomas A. Saenz Mexican American Legal Defense and Educational Fund Secretary Fatima Goss Graves National Women's Law Center Treasurer Lee A. Saunders American Federation of State, County and Municipal Employees Board of Directors Abed Ayoub American-Arab Anti-Discrimination Committee Gloria L. Blackwell AAUW Ray Curry International Union, UAW Jocelyn Frye National Partnership for Women & Families Jonathan Greenblatt Anti-Defamation League Mary Kay Henry Service Employees International Union Damon Hewitt Lawyers' Committee for Civil Rights Under Law David H. Inoue Japanese American Citizens League Virginia Kase Solomón League of Women Voters of the United States Marc Morial National Urban League Janet Murguía UnidosUS Svante Myrick People For the American Way Janai Nelson NAACP Legal Defense and Educational Fund, Inc. Christian F. Nunes National Organization for Women Rabbi Jonah Pesner Religious Action Center of Reform Judaism Rebecca Pringle National Education Association Lisa Rice National Fair Housing Alliance Kelley Robinson Human Rights Campaign Anthony Romer American Civil Liberties Union Liz Shuler AFL-CIO Fawn Sharp

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AAJC

Maya Wiley

¹ "Intersex" is an umbrella term used to refer to people who are born with or naturally develop variations in sex characteristics, such as genitals, chromosomes, hormones, and/or internal organs, that may be perceived as not fitting binary definitions of male or female.

² In September 2022, The Leadership Conference on Civil and Human Rights, joined by 43 national civil and human rights organizations, called on the Biden administration and the U.S. Department of Education to ensure educational environments free from discrimination on the basis of sex, including sexual orientation, gender identity, transgender status, sex stereotypes, sex characteristics, or pregnancy and related conditions. https://civilrights.org/resource/civil-rights-community-comment-urging-strong-title-ix-rule/

³ Transgender people are people whose gender identity is different from the gender they were thought to be at birth. Cisgender people are people whose gender identity is the same as the gender assigned at birth. For more information see: <u>https://nbjc.org/wp-</u>

content/uploads/2020/11/LGBTQCulturalCompetencyTerminologyWorkbook-10-10-11.pdf,

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harmful to all students and undermines the learning environment for everyone.⁴ If schools mark some students effectively as outcasts, they foster an environment where no student is included and safe. A record number of sports bans targeting transgender students have been proposed in states, and federal legislation in the House of Representative seeks to exclude transgender, nonbinary, and intersex students from the protections of Title IX in school sports.⁵ Between 2019 and 2021, the percentage of transgender youth reporting that they had been barred from participating in school sports consistent with their gender identity more than doubled.⁶ These proposals seek to punish and harm a population of young people already marginalized by stigma, bullying, and harassment.⁷ Furthermore, exclusionary restrictions on participation consistent with gender identity distract from actually existing gender disparities impacting all women and girls' opportunities to benefit from school sports participation.⁸ We firmly believe that an attack on transgender, nonbinary, and intersex youth is an attack on civil rights.

Given these attacks, the department must be clear in the final rule, in all public communication, and at every possible opportunity that — under Title IX — transgender, nonbinary, and intersex students are presumed to be included in all school programs and activities consistent with their gender identity. The department must make sure that all who are responsible for complying with the regulation understand that any reliance on broad generalizations or stereotypes, or any categorical ban, violates Title IX. While it is always important that implementing regulations clarify a law's application, that clarity is even more important when there is an active effort to contort and weaponize nondiscrimination protections to harm and exclude. Transgender, nonbinary, and intersex students are deserving of full-throated, vocal, and

⁴ For example, in Utah, a school "investigated" a cisgender girl after the parents of two girls she defeated in a school athletic competition questioned whether the winning athlete was transgender. Courtney Tanner, "Utah parents complained a high school athlete might be transgender after she beat their daughters," Salt Lake Tribune, Aug. 18, 2022, <u>https://www.google.com/url?q=https://www.sltrib.com/news/education/2022/08/18/utah-parents-complained-</u>

high/&sa=D&source=docs&ust=1682970502723887&usg=AOvVaw1KRkkpanZrTE2tnZX-YoMR

https://transequality.org/issues/resources/frequently-asked-questions-about-transgender-people and https://www.glsen.org/sites/default/files/2020-04/GLSEN%20Terms%20and%20Concepts%20Thematic.pdf.

⁵ In April 2023, The Leadership Conference on Civil and Human Rights, joined by 187 civil and human rights organizations, sent a letter to Congress strongly opposing H.R. 734, the so-called Protection of Women and Girls in Sports Act of 2023, and calling for inclusion and nondiscrimination for all students. <u>https://civilrights.org/resource/oppose-h-r-734-to-protect-civil-rights/</u>

⁶ 51.5 percent of transgender boys reported being prevented from playing on a sports team consistent with their gender identity in 2021, compared to 15.8 percent in 2019. 45.9 percent of transgender girls reported being prevented from playing on a sports team consistent with their gender identity in 2021, compared to 21.0 percent in 2019. 37.1 percent of trans nonbinary students and 53.2 percent of students who identified as transgender only reported being prevented from playing on a sports team consistent with their gender identity in 2021, compared to 16.9 percent of trans students who identified as neither male or female in 2019. Joseph G. Kosciw, Caitlin M. Clark, Leesh Menard, *The 2021 National School Climate Survey: The experiences of LGBTQ+ youth in our nation's schools*, (New York: GLSEN), pp. 91-93 https://www.glsen.org/research/2021-national-school-climate-survey; Caitlin M. Clark, Joseph G. Kosciw, and Jacquelyn Chin, "LGBTQ Students and School Sports Participation," GLSEN (2021), https://www.glsen.org/research/lgbtq-students-and-school-sports-participation.

⁷ National Center for Transgender Equality, *The Report of the 2015 U.S. Transgender Survey* 4, 11 (2017) [USTS Report], *available at* <u>http://www.ustranssurvey.org/reports;</u> GLSEN, Improving School Climate for Transgender and Nonbinary Youth (Research Brief), (New York: GLSEN, 2021), <u>https://www.glsen.org/research/improving-school-climate-transgender-and-nonbinary-youth</u>.

⁸ Compared to men and boys, women and girls have fewer opportunities to play; worse facilities, uniforms, and equipment; more inexperienced coaches; and less support and publicity from their schools. NCWGE, Title IX At 50: A Report by the National Coalition for Women and Girls in Education (Washington, DC: NCWGE), https://www.ncwge.org/TitleIX50/NCWGE%20Title%20IX%20At%2050%20-%206.2.22%20vF.pdf

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unambiguous support from our president, our secretary of education, and the department's Office for Civil Rights.

Ensuring that all our students — including transgender, nonbinary, and intersex students — are safe and welcomed in schools is incredibly important to our organizations, our partners, and the communities we represent. If you have any questions, please reach out to Steven Almazán, k12 education senior program manager at The Leadership Conference on Civil and Human Rights, at <u>almazan@civilrights.org</u>.

Sincerely,

National Organizations:

The Leadership Conference on Civil and Human Rights The Leadership Conference Education Fund American Association of University Women American Atheists American Humanist Association Asian Americans Advancing Justice | AAJC Autistic Self Advocacy Network Center for American Progress Children's Defense Fund Family Equality Girls Inc. **GLSEN** Human Rights Campaign Human Rights First **IDRA** Japanese American Citizens League MALDEF (Mexican American Legal Defense and Educational Fund) MomsRising National Association of Social Workers National Council of Jewish Women National Disability Rights Network (NDRN) National Education Association National Urban League National Women's Law Center **PFLAG** National Safe Schools Action Network Southeast Asia Resource Action Center The Advocacy Institute The Education Trust The Sikh Coalition Tyler Clementi Foundation

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Union for Reform Judaism

State & Local Organizations:

API Rainbow Parents of PFLAG NYC Education Law Center - Pennsylvania Erasing Essex's Borders Fannie Lou Hamer Center For Change FL National Organization for Women Garden State Equality Greater Orlando National Organization for Women Hillsborough Democratic Organization Hyacinth AIDS Foundation Maryland Center for Developmental Disabilities Michigan Alliance for Special Education New Jersey Public Education Coalition New Jersey Safe Schools Coalition NJ LGBTQ Democrats Out Montclair Somerset County Democratic LGBT Caucus Somerset County LGBTQ+ Advisory Board South Orange Country Day School Trans Affirming Alliance Wall Township Democrats