In 2018, median annual earnings in the U.S. for men working full time, year-round were $55,291, compared to just $45,097 for women, according to the most recent census data. That means women were paid just 82% percent of men’s earnings — a gap of 18 percent. The gap narrowed over the past half-century, but progress has stalled in recent years. Our federal equal pay laws need an update and agencies can do more to ensure women bring home the pay they have rightfully earned.

### Pass federal bills advancing pay equity.
Congress must take action to close the gender pay gap by passing legislation that will enable all women to take home a fair paycheck.

- The **Paycheck Fairness Act** would protect workers by updating and strengthening the Equal Pay Act of 1963.
- The **Pay Equity for All Act** would prohibit employers from seeking salary history during the hiring process.
- The **Fair Pay Act** would require employers to provide equal pay for work of equivalent value.

### Implement and enforce agency actions.
Agencies must take action to help identify and close gender and race-based pay gaps by implementing meaningful executive branch actions.

- Prohibit retaliation against employees of federal contractors who discuss or disclose their wages.
- Require employers to annually collect and report summary pay data by gender, race, and ethnicity.
- Ensure more salaried employees receive appropriate overtime pay.

### North Carolina: Tell your member of Congress you want fair pay!

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Butterfield (D)</td>
<td>NC-01</td>
<td>$41,389</td>
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<td>Walker (R)</td>
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<tr>
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<tr>
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<td>McHenry (R)</td>
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<td>Meadows (R)</td>
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<td>Budd (R)</td>
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<td>$45,866</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*The congressional districts are ranked from smallest wage gap to largest wage gap.*

The Fight for Pay Equity: A State Road Map for North Carolina

In 2018, median annual earnings for men in North Carolina were $46,941 compared to $39,126 for women — an earnings ratio of just 83 percent, or 14th out of all states and the District of Columbia, according to the most recent census data. The gap is worse for most women of color and working mothers. With Congressional gridlock at the federal level, states are working to enact their own legislation. Check out which provisions North Carolina still needs to pass to help close the gap.

To learn more, check out AAUW’s helpful resources at [www.aauw.org/fairpay](http://www.aauw.org/fairpay).

**Protections**
- Include equal pay or employment discrimination provision
- Cover all or most employees
- Include protected classes in addition to sex
- Prohibit retaliation/discrimination for taking legal action to secure equal pay
- Prohibit retaliation/discrimination for discussing/disclosing wages
- Prohibit using salary history in hiring
- Make salary range available
- Prohibit job tracking based on sex
- Prohibit reducing another employee’s pay to comply with law

**Occupational Segregation**
- Include comparable work/substantially similar standard
- Include mechanism to guide and enforce pay adjustments

**Defenses/Rebuttals**
- Narrow reasons employers can use to justify pay differences
- Require consideration of less discriminatory practices
- Prohibit agreement to a lesser wage as a defense

**Remedies**
- Require liable employer to pay employee’s damages
- Require liable employer to pay additional penalties for multiple violations
- Require liable employer to pay employee’s costs and attorney’s fees

**Procedures**
- Permit class action lawsuits or joined claims
- Explicitly reset statute of limitations if continuing violation
- Include private right of action

**Preventative Measures**
- Require employers to keep records of wages
- Require employers to collect data on pay gap
- Create state advisory committee on pay equity
- Sponsor state education and training programs, such as salary negotiation